

1 a AAA

$$\frac{x}{5} = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{9 \times 5}{4} = 11.25 \text{ cm}$$

b AAA

Note that E corresponds with B , so x corresponds with 14 cm.

$$\frac{x}{14} = \frac{10}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \times 14}{12} = 11 \frac{2}{3} \text{ cm}$$

c AAA

$$\frac{x}{2} = \frac{6}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \times 2}{4} = 3 \text{ cm}$$

d AAA

Note that Q corresponds with B and R corresponds with C , so x corresponds with 6 cm.

$$\frac{x}{6} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$x = \frac{10 \times 6}{8} = 7.5 \text{ cm}$$

2 a AAA

$$\frac{x + 12}{12} = \frac{24}{16} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$2x + 24 = 36$$

$$2x = 12$$

$$x = 6 \text{ cm}$$

b AAA

$$\frac{x + 2}{2} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$3x + 6 = 10$$

$$3x = 4$$

$$x = 1 \frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}$$

c AAA

$$\frac{x + 8}{x} = \frac{8}{2} = 4$$

$$x + 8 = 4x$$

$$3x = 8$$

$$x = 2 \frac{2}{3} \text{ cm}$$

d AAA

$$\frac{x + 1.5}{x} = \frac{12}{10} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$5x + 7.5 = 6x$$

$$x = 7.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{AC}{14} = \frac{15}{12} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$AC = \frac{5 \times 14}{4} = 17.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{AE + 4}{AE} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$4AE + 16 = 5AE$$

$$AE = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = AE + EB$$

$$= 20 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{\text{tree}}{33} = \frac{30}{224} = \frac{15}{112}$$

$$\text{Tree height} = \frac{15 \times 33}{112} = 4.42 \text{ m}$$

Note: It is valid to leave the measurements of the stick and its shadow in cm, as you are comparing the ratio of measurements with the same units.

$$\frac{h}{15} = \frac{20}{40} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$h = \frac{15}{2} = 7.5 \text{ m high}$$

$$\frac{h}{300} = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$h = \frac{300}{20} = 15 \text{ m high}$$

$$\frac{CY}{45} = \frac{15}{30} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$CY = \frac{45}{2} = 22.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{h}{32} = \frac{2}{6.2}$$

$$h = \frac{64}{6.2} = 10\frac{10}{31} \text{ m high}$$

$$\frac{x}{4} = \frac{20 - x}{8}$$

$$\frac{2x}{8} = \frac{20 - x}{8}$$

$$2x = 20 - x$$

$$3x = 20$$

$$x = \frac{20}{3} = 6\frac{2}{3} \text{ cm high}$$

10 Let x be the height of A above the 80 cm leg of the table.

$$\frac{x}{30} = \frac{12}{100}$$

$$h = \frac{12 \times 30}{100} = 3.6$$

$$\text{Height} = 80 \text{ cm} + 3.6 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 83.6 \text{ cm}$$

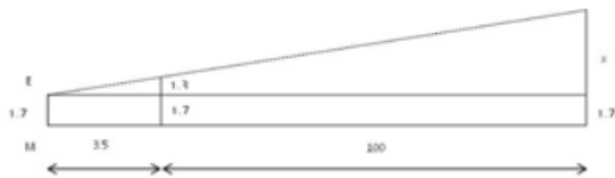
$$\frac{x}{1.3 - x} = \frac{1.5}{0.8} = \frac{15}{8}$$

$$8x = 19.5x - 15x$$

$$23x = 19.5$$

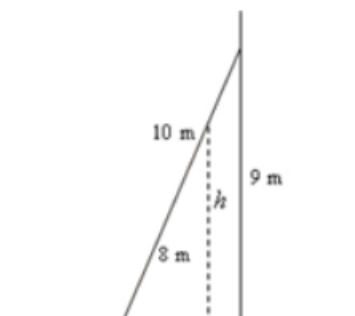
$$x = \frac{19.5}{23} = \frac{39}{46} \text{ m}$$

12



$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x}{103.5} &= \frac{1.3}{3.5} \\ x &= \frac{1.3 \times 103.5}{3.5} \\ &= \frac{269.1}{7} \\ &= \frac{260}{7} \approx 37.1 \\ \text{Height} &= \frac{269.1}{7} + 1.7 \\ &= \frac{269.1 + 11.9}{7} \\ &= \frac{281}{7} \\ &= 40 \frac{1}{7} \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

13



$$\begin{aligned}\frac{h}{8} &= \frac{9}{10} \\ h &= \frac{72}{10} = 7.2 \text{ m high}\end{aligned}$$

14 Taking the heights above the spotlight,

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{h - 0.6}{8} &= \frac{0.5}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \\ h - \frac{6}{10} &= \frac{8}{6} = \frac{4}{3} \\ h &= \frac{4}{3} + \frac{3}{5} \\ &= \frac{20 + 9}{15} \\ &= 1 \frac{14}{15} \text{ m high}\end{aligned}$$

15a Vertically opposite angles at C are equal:

$$\angle B = \angle D = 90^\circ$$

The third angles in the triangle must be equal: $\angle A = \angle E$

$$\therefore \triangle ABC \sim \triangle EDC$$

b

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{x}{4} &= \frac{5}{2} \\ x &= \frac{20}{2} = 10\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{c } y^2 &= 2^2 + 4^2 \\
 &= 4 + 16 = 20 \\
 y &= \sqrt{20} \\
 &= \sqrt{4 \times 5} = 2\sqrt{5} \\
 z^2 &= 10^2 + 5^2 \\
 &= 100 + 25 = 125 \\
 z &= \sqrt{125} \\
 &= \sqrt{25 \times 5} = 5\sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

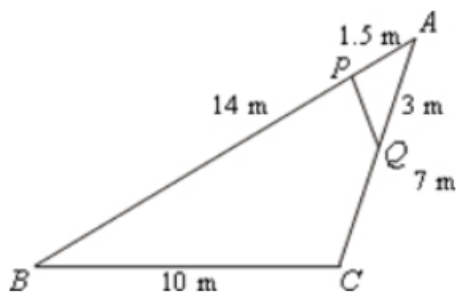
$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d } y : z &= 2\sqrt{5} : 5\sqrt{5} \\
 &= 2 : 5 \\
 ED : AB &= 2 : 5 \\
 \therefore y : z &= ED : AB
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{16 } \frac{a+12}{12} &= \frac{10}{7} \\
 a+12 &= \frac{120}{7} \\
 a &= \frac{120}{7} - 12 \\
 &= \frac{36}{7} = 5\frac{1}{7}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{17 } \frac{h}{3} &= \frac{1.8}{0.76} \\
 h &= \frac{1.8 \times 3}{0.76} \approx 7.11 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{18 } \text{In } \triangle TRN, \angle TRN &= 90^\circ - \angle T \\
 \text{In } \triangle RST, \angle S &= 90^\circ - \angle T \\
 \angle TRN &= \angle S \\
 \angle SRN &= \angle T \\
 \triangle TRN &\sim \triangle TSR \\
 \frac{NT}{RT} &= \frac{RT}{ST} \\
 &= \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5} \\
 \frac{NT}{4} &= \frac{2}{5} \\
 NT &= \frac{2 \times 4}{5} = 1.6 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

19



In $\triangle APQ$ and $\triangle ACB$,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{AQ}{AB} &= \frac{3}{14} \\
 \frac{AP}{AC} &= \frac{1.5}{7} = \frac{3}{14} \\
 \therefore \frac{AQ}{AB} &= \frac{AP}{AC}
 \end{aligned}$$

$\angle A$ is common to both triangles.

$$\triangle APQ \sim \triangle ACB$$

$$\frac{PQ}{BC} = \frac{AQ}{AB}$$

$$\frac{PQ}{10} = \frac{3}{14}$$

$$PQ = \frac{30}{14} = 2\frac{1}{7} \text{ m}$$

20 Note that the three triangles are all similar, as shown in Q . 18.

$$\frac{x+4}{6} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$x+4 = \frac{3 \times 6}{2} = 9$$

$$\therefore x = 5$$

$$\frac{y}{x} = \frac{4}{y}$$

$$y^2 = 4x = 4 \times 5$$

$$\therefore y = 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$\frac{a}{y} = \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{3y}{2} = 3\sqrt{5}$$